

ZT04 Multi-Axis System

Performance in an Ultra-Compact 2-Axis Design

Designed for easy integration in OEM assemblies, the Haydon Kerk Z-ThetaTM offers linear + rotary point to point motion in a compact footprint. Unlike in-house component-up designs requiring engineering, multiple vendors and complex assembly integration, Z-Theta is a modular "bolt-in" package.

At the core of Z-Theta is the patented ScrewRailTM, which combines guidance and linear transmission in a slender co-axial profile. Haydon Kerk's unique dual-motion integration with a pair of stepper motors adds rotary (theta) motion in manner that reduces motion system size by 50-80% as compared to alternative approaches, and less expensively than the equivalent components purchased separately.

The highly configurable Z-Theta provides flexibility, value, durability and performance suited for a host of lab automation, semiconductor and light factory automation applications. Performance is customized through a variety of leadscrew resolutions, available free-wheeling and anti-backlash nut selections, stepper motor configuration options, and optical encoder line counts.



Identifying the Z-Theta Part Number Codes when Ordering

Pre-engineered modular design reduces supply

Configuration options optimize performance for

Compatible with a wide range of drive and

chain and time to market

specific applications

controllers

ZT 04	Α	К	В	Α	J	Α	Α	E1	FY06
Prefix Nomina ZT = Rail Siz Z-Theta 04 =	Nut Style A = Free-wheeling B = Anti-backlash	Coating S = Uncoated	Motors Frame Size B = Step- pers, Size	Rotary Motor A = 1.8°, 3.25VDC,	Rotary Motor Encoder J =	Linear Motor A = 1.8°, 2.33VDC,	Linear Motor Encoder A =	Nominal Leadscrew Thread E1 =	Stroke / Unique Identifier FYxx =
1/2 in (13mm)		K = Kerkote®	23 Rotary, Size 17 Linear	Bipolar coils (4 wire) B = 1.8°, 5VDC, Bipolar coils (4 wire)	12000 CPR X = No Encoder	Bipolar coils (4 wire) B = 1.8°, 5VDC, Bipolar coils (4 wire)	500 CPR C = 1000 CPR E = 2000 CPR X = No Encoder	.050-in (1.27mm E2 = .100-in (2.54mm) E4= .250-in (6.35mm) E6= .500-in (12.7mm) E7= 1.00-in	Standard, stroke = xx** XXxx = Unique identifier

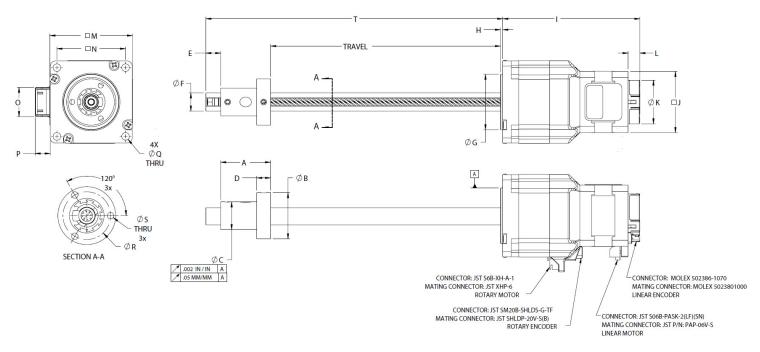
NOTE: Dashes must be included in Part Number (-) as shown above. For assistance call our Engineering Team at 203 756 7441.

Mechanical Specifications

ZT04: Size 23 Rotary Motor, Size 17 Linear Motor								
Stroke Length Limit	in [mm]	12 [305]						
Speed Limit	in/sec [mm/s]	6 [152]						
Axial Force Limit	lb-f [N]	15 [67]						
Load Limit (mass)	lb [kg]	5 [2.3]						
Moment Load	in-lb [NM]	15 [1.7]						
Torque, Theta Axis Motor	in-lb [NM]	3 [0.34]						
Nut Length	in [mm]	1.4 [36]						
Unit Height	in [mm]	Travel + 5.5 [140]						
Width, Mounting Flange	in [mm]	2.23 [57]						
Rail Material		Steel						
Rail Runout	in/in [mm/25mm]	0.002 [0.05]						
Rotary Repeatability (Open Loop)	in [mm]	+/-0.005 [0.13]						
Rotary Resolution (@6" Radius)	in [mm]	+/-0.0031 [0.08]						
Duty Cycle		100%						

ZT04 Linear Specifications									
Lead Code		E1	E2	E4	E6	E7			
Lead	in	0.050	0.100	0.250	0.500	1.00			
Leau	[mm]	[1.27]	[2.54]	[6.35]	[12.7]	[25.4]			
Nominal Screw Diameter	in	0.25							
Nominal Sciew Diameter	[mm]	n] [6]							
May Drag Targua	oz-in	2.0	TBD	3.0	4.0	5.0			
Max Drag Torque	[NM]	[0.014]	עסו	[0.021]	[0.028]	[0.035]			
Torque to Move Load	oz-in/lb	0.5	TBD	1.5	2.5	4.5			
Torque to Move Load	[NM/Kg]	[0.004]	עסו	[0.011]	[0.018]	[0.32]			
Resolution (Open Loop)	in	0.00025	0.0005	0.00125	0.0025	0.005			
nesolution (Open Loop)	[mm]	[0.00625]	[0.0127]	[0.03175]	[0.0635]	[0.127]			

■ Dimensional Drawings



Units	Α	В	С	D	E	F	G	Н	I	J
in	1.35 ± .01	1.250 ± .005	.750 ± .005	.375 ± .005	.40 ± .01	.489492	1.498 - 1.500	.06 ± .01	3.7 ± .1	1.65 ± .01
mm	34.29 ± 0.25	31.75 ± 0.13	19.05 ± 0.13	9.53 ± 0.13	10.16 ± 0.25	12.42 - 12.50	30.05 - 38.1	1.52 ± 0.25	93.98 ± 2.54	41.91 ± 0.25

U	nits	К	L	М	N	0	Р	Q**	R	S**	Т
	in	1.18 ± .02	.32 ± .02	2.23 ± .02	1.856 ± .005	.7981	.4143	.205 ± .005	1.030 ± .005	.140 ± .005	= Travel + E +A+H (± .040)
n	mm	29.97 ± 0.51	8.13 ± 0.51	56.64 ± 0.51	19.05 ± 0.13	20.07 - 20.57	10.41 - 10.92	19.05 ± 0.13	19.05 ± 0.13	19.05 ± 0.13	= Travel + E +A+H (± 0.1)

^{**} Tapped holes also available

www.haydonkerkpittman.com



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■ Motor Specifications (Rotary)

Size 23: 57 mm (2.3 inch) Hybrid Rotary Stepper Motor (1.8° Step Angle)											
Motor Ordering Code	Α	В	С								
Stack Length	Single										
Wiring	Bipolar										
Winding Voltage	3.25 VDC	5 VDC	12 VDC								
Current/phase	2.0 Arms	1.3 Arms	540 mArms								
Resistance/phase	1.63 Ω	3.85 Ω	22.2 Ω								
Inductance/phase	3.5 mH	10.5 mH	58 mH								
Holding Torque	8.5 kg-cm										
Power Consumption	13 W Total										
Insulation Class	Class B										
Insulation Resistance	20 ΜΩ										

†Part numbering information on page 1

■ Motor Specifications (Linear)

Size 17: 43 mm (1.7 inch) Hybrid Rotary Stepper Motor (1.8° Step Angle)										
Motor Ordering Code	Α	В	C							
Stack Length	Single									
Wiring	Bipolar									
Winding Voltage	2.33 VDC	5 VDC	12 VDC							
Current/phase	1.5 A	700 mA	290 mA							
Resistance/phase	1.56 Ω	7.2 Ω	41.5 Ω							
Inductance/phase	1.9 mH	8.7 mH	54.0 mH							
Power Consumption	7 W									
Rotor Inertia	37 gcm2									
Insulation Class	Class B (Class F available)									
Insulation Resistance	20 ΜΩ									

†Part numbering information on page 1



Performance Curves

SPEED vs. LINEAR FORCE (LINEAR MOTION)

- Chopper
- Bipolar
- 100% Duty Cycle

*Care should be taken when utilizing these screw pitches to ensure that the physical load limits of the motor are not exceeded. Please consult the factory for advice in selecting the proper pitch for your application.

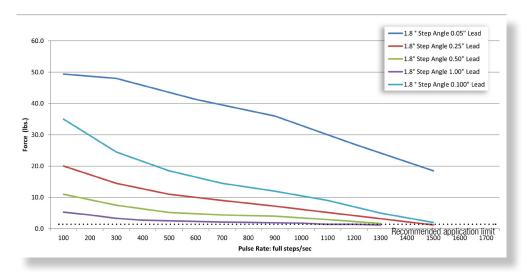
NOTE: 5 volt motor and 40 Vdc power supply (8:1 voltage ratio), X axis is Speed (Full-steps/sec), Y axis is Force (lbs)

The maximum step rate shown for each type of motor is the highest no-load start speed.

Ramping can increase the performance of a motor either by increasing the top speed or getting a heavier load accelerated up to speed faster. Also, deceleration can be used to stop the motor without overshoot.

With L/R drives peak force and speeds are reduced, using a unipolar drive will yield a further 30% force reduction.

Loading is on axis with nut.



SPEED vs. PULL-OUT TORQUE (ROTARY MOTION)

- Chopper
- Bipolar
- 100% Duty Cycle

NOTE: 5 volt motor and 40 Vdc power supply (8:1 voltage ratio), X axis is Speed (Full-steps/sec), Y axis is Torque (oz-in).

Ramping can increase the performance f a motor by either increasing the top speed or getting a heavier load up to speed faster. Also, deceleration can be used to stop the motor without overshoot.

